

[24th February 1930]

- 4.—(a), (b) & (c) Six appointments were made in 1929—three in the Engineering College, Guindy, and three in the Arts Colleges. The three posts in the Engineering College were advertised and the applications considered by the Board of Visitors to the College. The candidates selected for the posts in Arts Colleges had been recommended as suitable by the Selection Committee constituted to advise Government on the selection of candidates for direct appointment to the higher branches of the Educational Services.

Appointment of the Principal, Law College.

* 1461 Q.—Diwan Bahadur P. C. ETHIRAJULU NAYUDU : Will the hon. the Minister for Education and Local Self-Government be pleased to state—

(a) whether any definite proposal has been received for the filling up of the Principalship of the Law College; and

(b) whether, in view of the importance of the post, he will appoint a person of standing and experience in the legal profession to this place?

A.—(a) Yes.

(b) All relevant considerations will be borne in mind in filling up the post.

MR. A. RANGANATHA MUDALIYAR :—“ May I know the considerations which will be borne in mind ? ”

The hon. Dr. P. SUBBARAYAN :—“ All relevant considerations.”

MR. A. RANGANATHA MUDALIYAR :—“ May I know, Sir, what those consideration are ? ”

The hon. Dr. P. SUBBARAYAN :—“ I cannot enumerate all the relevant considerations here.”

MR. SAMI VENKATACHALAM CHETTI :—“ May I ask whether the hon. the Chief Minister cannot enlighten the House with all the relevant considerations which he will bear in mind in making the choice ? ”

The hon. Dr. P. SUBBARAYAN :—“ If the hon. Member tables a resolution, I will give him the information he asks for.”

Alleged discrimination among pupils in the Chidambaram Training School.

* 1462 Q.—Swami A. S. SAHAJANANDAM : Will the hon. the Minister for Education and Local Self-Government be pleased to state—

(a) the number of boys undergoing training in the Chidambaram Training School;

(b) how many of them are Adi-Dravidas;

(c) how many of those Adi-Dravida boys are reading in the higher and how many in the lower elementary grade;

(d) whether it is a fact that the Adi-Dravida boys are not allowed to mix freely with the others in the gymnastic classes and other classes; and

(e) whether the headmaster of the school is aware of this discrimination, and if so, whether he has taken any action in the matter?

24th February 1930]

- A.—(a) 205.
 (b) 27.
 (c) Higher elementary 7—Lower elementary 20.
 (d) No.
 (e) Does not arise.

Kanarese as the medium of instruction in Kanarese-speaking areas other than South Kanara and Bellary.

* 1463 Q.—Mr. A. B. SHETTY: Will the hon. the Minister for Education and Local Self-Government be pleased to state—

(a) whether Kanarese is used as the medium of instruction in the schools of any districts or portions thereof other than South Kanara and Bellary in this Presidency; and

(b) which is the vernacular taught in schools in the Kanarese-speaking parts of the districts of Coimbatore and Nilgiris?

- A.—(a) Yes; in the elementary schools in the Kollegal taluk and Talavadi firka of Gobichettipalayam taluk and in the Board High School, Kollegal, Coimbatore district. Kanarese is taught as the second vernacular in the Rao Sahib H. J. Belli Gowder's Higher Elementary School, Hoobathalai, Aravankadu, in the Nilgiris district.

(b) Kanarese.

Admission of depressed classes pupils in schools.

* 1464 Q.—Mr. A. B. SHETTY: Will the hon. the Minister for Education and Local Self-Government be pleased to state—

(a) whether there are any schools managed out of public funds, and located on sites where members of the depressed classes are not admitted, and if so, the number of such schools;

(b) whether any cases of local board or aided schools refusing admission to pupils of the depressed classes have been brought to the notice of the Government; and

(c) whether in any of the local board or aided schools depressed class pupils who are given admission are made to sit separately in the class room, and if so, whether the Government are doing anything to discourage such a practice?

- A.—(a) Yes. During 1928–29, 1,875 schools managed out of public funds were located on sites inaccessible to pupils of the depressed classes.

(b) Yes.

(c) No authenticated cases of this kind have been reported to Government.

* Mr. A. B. SHETTY:—"With reference to the answer to clause (b), may I know, Sir, what action the Government have taken in regard to those local board or aided schools which have refused admission to pupils of the depressed classes?"

The hon. Dr. P. SUBBARAYAN:—"The Government have given a warning, and if they persist, their grant will be stopped."